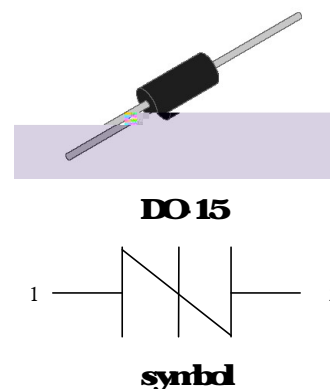




The sidac is a silicon bilateral voltage triggered switch with greater power handling capabilities than standard diacs. Upon application of a voltage exceeding the sidac breakover voltage point, the sidac switches on through a negative resistance region to a low on state voltage. Conduction continues until the current is interrupted or drops below the minimum holding current of the device.

- ◇ High voltage lamp ignitors
- ◇ Natural gas ignitors
- ◇ Gas oil ignitors
- ◇ High voltage power supplies
- ◇ Xenon ignitors
- ◇ Overvoltage protector
- ◇ Pulse generators
- ◇ Fluorescent lighting ignitors HD lighting ignitors



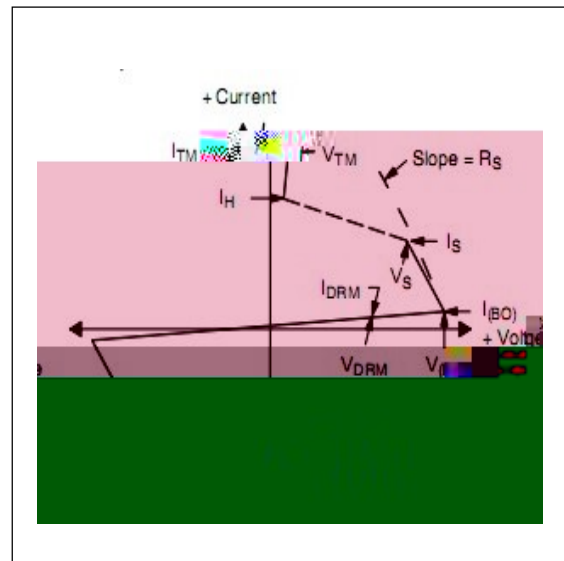
- ◇ Excellent capability of absorbing transient surge
- ◇ Quick response to surge voltage (ns Level)
- ◇ Glass passivated junctions
- ◇ High voltage lamp ignitors

($T_A=25$, RH=45% 75% unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Storage temperature range | T_{STG} | -40to+125 | |
| Operating junction temperature range | T_J | -40to+125 | |
| On state RMS current | I_r | 10 | A |
| Maximum surge on state current non repetitive one cycle peak value (50Hz) | I_{ISM} | 167 | A |
| Critical rate of rise of on state current | di_r/dt | 80 | A/ μ s |

($T_A=25$)

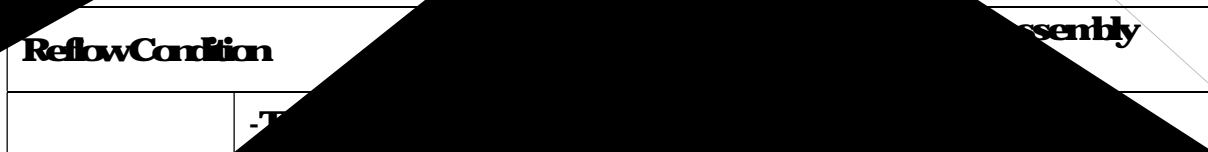
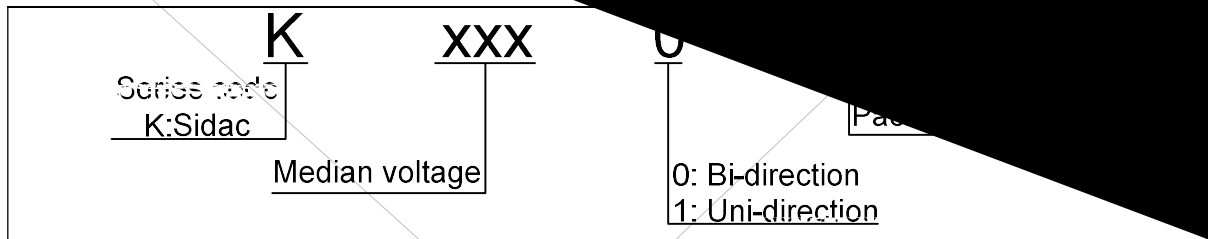
| Symbol | Parameter |
|-----------|------------------------|
| V_{DRM} | Peak off state voltage |
| I_{DRM} | Off state current |
| V_S | Switching voltage |
| I_S | Switching current |
| R_S | Switching resistance |
| V_T | On state voltage |
| I_H | Holding current |
| V_{BO} | Breakover Voltage |
| I_{BO} | Breakover current |



($T_A=25$, continued)

| Part Number | $I_{DRM}@V_{DRM}$ | | V_{BO} | | I_{BO} | $V_T@I_T=1A$ | I_H | R_S | Marking |
|-------------|-------------------|-----|----------|-----|----------|--------------|-------|-------|---------|
| | μA | V | V | | μA | V | mA | k | |
| | max | min | min | max | max | max | min | min | |
| K0900G | 1 | 70 | 80 | 97 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB090 |
| K1050G | 1 | 90 | 95 | 113 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB105 |
| K1200G | 1 | 100 | 110 | 125 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB120 |
| K1300G | 1 | 110 | 120 | 138 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB130 |
| K1400G | 1 | 120 | 130 | 146 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB140 |
| K1500G | 1 | 130 | 140 | 170 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB150 |
| K1800G | 1 | 160 | 170 | 195 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DB180 |
| K2000G | 1 | 180 | 190 | 215 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DE200BW |
| K2200G | 1 | 190 | 205 | 230 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DE220BW |
| K2400G | 1 | 200 | 220 | 250 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DE240BW |
| K2600G | 1 | 220 | 240 | 270 | 50 | 2 | 10 | 01 | DE260BW |

KxxxG Series



Pre Heat - Temperature Max (T_{s(max)}) q B +200"

FIG.1: Maximum allowable ambient temperature versus on state current
T_a()

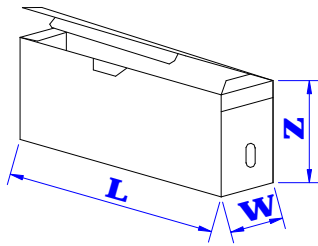
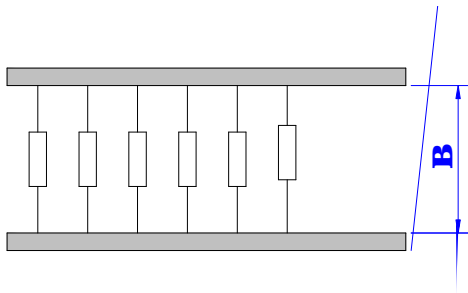
FIG.2 Reflow co iR

100

60

Q—Dš” 20 02 04 06 08 10 12 14 “ °
I_t(A)

“ ° “ ° “ ° ° ° “ °



| Ref | Dimensions | |
|-------|-------------|-------------|
| | Millimeters | Inches |
| A | 50±0.5 | 0.197±0.020 |
| B | 530±1.5 | 2.087±0.059 |
| C | 60±0.5 | 0.236±0.020 |
| D | 1.2(MAX) | 0.047(MAX) |
| E | 0.8(MAX) | 0.031(MAX) |
| F | 1.5(MAX) | 0.059(MAX) |
| L1-L2 | 1.0(MAX) | 0.039(MAX) |
| W | 80±5.0 | 3.150±0.197 |
| L | 250±5.0 | 9.843±0.197 |
| Z | 115±5.0 | 4.528±0.197 |